

# 深大附中 2018-2019 学年度第一学期初三年级期中考试

## 英语试卷

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审题人：

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### 第二部分：笔试部分 (共 85 分)

#### I. 词汇选择 (15 分)

i. 从下面每小题的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出可以替换划线部分的最佳选项。(共 8 小题，每小题 1 分)

- ( ) 1. I don't doubt what he said makes sense.  
A. feel careful B. feel worried ☒ C. feel sure
- ( ) 2. In the small town if anyone is in trouble, others will help him out.  
A. in danger ☒ B. in difficulty C. in need of money
- ( ) 3. — We need to drive carefully so that we can avoid accidents.  
— For example, we should stop when there are people at the zebra crossing.  
☒ A. keep away from B. give a help to C. build up
- ( ) 4. — Did Chloe win an award in Spelling Contest?  
— Yes, she did. So she treated herself to a complete set of Mark Twain's novels.  
A. bought herself ☒ B. looked forward to C. fixed on
- ( ) 5. — Did the children like the cartoon *Zootopia*?  
— Actually, it is more popular with adults than the producer supposed.  
☒ A. thought B. discussed ☒ C. solved
- ( ) 6. — Frank fell over at the beginning of the race.  
— But he was ahead of any other runner in the end.  
A. higher than ☒ B. faster than C. longer than
- ( ) 7. — The government is looking for a good way to solve air pollution.  
— Great. We should also do something to help.  
A. ask for ☒ B. deal with C. learn about
- ( ) 8. — Will you travel abroad to study in the future?  
— Yes, I want to go to Oxford to further my study.  
A. all day and all night ☒ B. to a foreign country C. all the way

ii. 从下面每小题的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。(共 7 小题，每小题 1 分)

- ( ) 9. Lucy was so weak that she \_\_\_\_\_ while we were waiting for the doctor.  
A. lost weight B. went through ☒ C. passed out
- ( ) 10. David felt \_\_\_\_\_ when he gave a wrong answer to the exercise.  
☒ A. embarrassed B. polite C. fashionable
- ( ) 11. If you \_\_\_\_\_ someone in a competition, you win against or do better than him or her in the competition.  
A. hurt ☒ B. beat C. hit
- ( ) 12. — You look upset. What happened?  
— I just had a fight with my mom and I felt \_\_\_\_\_ it. I shouldn't have done that.  
A. frightened of ☒ B. ashamed of C. amazed at
- ( ) 13. — Are you \_\_\_\_\_ that you give them the right address?  
— Sure. I have checked it again and again.

- A. glad ☒ B. certain C. nervous
- ( ) 14. — \_\_\_\_\_ that you've taken all the things for your trip, Sam.  
— OK. I'll look at my suitcase carefully later.  
A. Be careful B. Find out ☒ C. Make sure
- ( ) 15. — Why do you eat so little? There is still much food on your plate.  
— I am \_\_\_\_\_. If I don't lose some weight, I can't join in the model competition.  
A. on business B. in public ☒ C. on a diet

#### II. 完形填空 (15 分)

阅读下面短文，从短文后所给的 A、B、C 三个选项中选出能填入相应空白处的最佳选项。(共 10 小题，每小题 1.5 分)

Becky had never been to the theater to see a movie before. She tried to 16 what it would be like. Mum said it was a really big screen. Dad said there were lots of speakers all around. She 17 what else she would see and hear there.

It was a long ride to the theater. Once inside, they stopped at the snack bar for a big bag of popcorn they could 18 and a large soda with three *straws* (吸管) in it. Then they went up to an entrance. A man checked their 19. Becky could hardly breathe. She was so 20!

They went down a hallway with lots of cool posters and big cardboard advertisements for the newest 21. They found their theater and entered the dark room, going down another short walkway until they saw all of the seats. It was so big inside! "There must be hundreds of chairs," she thought.

People came in, sitting in rows, eating popcorn and talking 22 the movie started. The lights were turned off soon after, and the screen came on. Wow, Mum sure was right. Then the movie 23. Dad was right, too! Becky could feel the seats *vibrate* (振动) with the loud sound. It was an amazing experience.

Over an hour later with popcorn gone, soda 24, and the movie over, Becky and her parents left the dark room. It was so bright outside. "Well? Did you like it?" Her parents asked as they got back in the car. "That was interesting. Let's come here 25 sometime!" Becky said happily.




- ( ) 16. ☒ A. consider B. imagine C. expect
- ( ) 17. A. wondered ☒ B. doubted C. minded
- ( ) 18. A. share ☒ B. treat C. cost
- ( ) 19. A. surveys ☒ B. reviews C. tickets
- ( ) 20. A. scared B. excited ☒ C. tired
- ( ) 21. ☒ A. movies B. news C. titles
- ( ) 22. A. when B. after ☒ C. before
- ( ) 23. ☒ A. started B. continued C. stopped
- ( ) 24. A. broken B. empty ☒ C. awful
- ( ) 25. A. later ☒ B. forever C. again

#### III. 阅读理解 (30 分)

阅读下列短文，从下面每小题的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选择最佳选项。(共 20 小题，每小题 1.5 分)

A

Do you know couch surfers? They are travelers who spend the night in an Internet friend's house. Let's look at some of their stories.

 Peter To: Paris	After spending the whole day traveling in Paris, I met Theo at the bus station. At his <i>apartment</i> (公寓) I met his roommate Roger. Both of them were very friendly. They took me to a party the next day. I went back to Theo's apartment on the back of his bicycle.
 Henri To: Vienna	When I traveled in Vienna, I stayed with Artur, a college student. One day I forgot to turn off the <i>tap</i> (水龙头) after having a bath. Oops! The bathroom was full of water. Artur didn't get angry at all.
 Lucy To: Budapest	I got off the bus at the wrong station, so I had to take a taxi to Judit's apartment. Judit was a reporter and she was always busy. The next day we went shopping together and she bought a dress for a party. In the evening she went to the party and I stayed at the apartment alone.

- ( ) 26. Where did Peter go on a journey?  
 A. London    ☒ B. Paris    C. Vienna    D. Budapest
- ( ) 27. What did Henri once do during his trip?  
 A. went around by bike  
 B. couldn't find his partner  
☒ C. forgot to turn off the tap  
 D. did not know how to use the tap
- ( ) 28. How did Lucy get to Judit's apartment in the end?  
 A. By bike.    ☒ B. By taxi.    C. By train.    D. By plane.
- ( ) 29. What can we learn from the passage?  
☒ A. Artur was friendly.  
 B. Theo is from America.  
 C. Roger is a college student.  
 D. Lucy is a busy woman.

### B

Dear Grace,

I'm glad to receive your email. From your email, I know you're worried about the exams next week. You asked me about how to prepare for exams. Here is some advice.

While you are studying, eat food that gives you energy. Don't eat sweets or drink cola. Sugar won't help you study but fruit will. Apples are especially good.

Find a comfortable place with plenty of light when you study. But it is not too comfortable, or you'll fall asleep!

Try and keep relaxed. It is easier to study when you are relaxed. If you start feeling nervous, have a break. Go out for a walk.

Don't try to learn everything. There isn't time. Choose the important things, the things that will get you most points in an exam. If you aren't sure about this, ask your teacher.

First learn the main ideas and don't worry too much about the details. If you have time, you can come back later and read the details.

Use past exam papers to study. They will help you understand what kind of questions come up. There are plenty of past exam papers in the library. You can *photocopy* (复印) them and take them home.

Take breaks while you are studying. A five-minute break every half hour is usually enough. Get some fresh air and move your arms and legs. Drink a glass of water too.

And, last but not least, good luck! I'm sure you will do your best.

Michael

- ( ) 30. Why did Grace write to Michael?  
 A. to give advice on how to prepare for exams  
 B. to know how to make progress in English  
☒ C. to ask for advice on how to prepare for exams  
 D. to explain why she would be worried about exams
- ( ) 31. What can past exam papers help you to do?  
 A. to learn the main ideas    B. to remember the details  
☒ C. to make sure which things are important  
 D. to understand what kind of questions come up
- ( ) 32. What does Michael advise Grace to do during breaks?  
 ①sleep for a while    ②move arms and legs    ③go to the library  
 ④get some fresh air    ⑤drink some water  
 A. ②④⑤    B. ①③④    ☒ C. ②③④    D. ③④⑤
- ( ) 33. What can we know from the passage?  
☒ A. We should try our best to learn everything.  
 B. Eating some sugar and fruit can help us study.  
 C. We should learn the details before learning the main ideas.  
☒ D. We should rest for five minutes after studying for half an hour.

### C

#### Royal party in the UK

On May 19, a grand event took place in the UK. At noon that day, Prince Harry and Meghan Markle were married at St George's Chapel at Windsor Castle.



About 100,000 people went there to witness the union of the now Duke (公爵) and Duchess of Sussex. As Harry and Meghan were pronounced husband and wife in the chapel, the crowd outside cheered so loud that the people inside could hear it!

Those who couldn't attend the wedding in person watched the royal wedding live on TV. They also organized garden or street parties to celebrate, laying out long tables along the streets and inviting neighbors to come and dance. Many people wore masks that looked like Harry and Meghan while they danced.

Although it has no say in any political matters, the Royal Family is an important symbol of the UK. A recent survey shows that 40 percent of UK citizens support the royals; while 20 percent don't and the other 40 percent are in the middle.

▲ Most countries' leaders are not passed on by inheritance (世袭) — that is to say, if you were born into a royal family, you are a prince or princess. However, others dislike the royal family because they think that a life of luxury and wealth should be earned by effort, not because you were born into it.



In my eyes, the royal wedding brought the British people together. It was like a Cinderella story come true. It was also a great excuse to party, have fun and enjoy the sun!

- ( ) 34. What did the people not do about celebrating the wedding?
- A. They held garden parties to celebrate.  
B. They invited some neighbours to dance together.  
☒ C. They watched the wedding on TV.  
D. They shouted happily in the palace.
- ( ) 35. Why do some people not like the Royal family?
- ☒ A. Because it is a rare thing to see the royal family in the world.  
☒ B. Because most countries' leaders are not passed by.  
☒ C. Because they think people should work hard to get the wealth.  
D. Because they are not princes or princesses.
- ( ) 36. Which is the best to be put in     ?
- A. Many people still don't like the royal family.  
B. Many people still support the royal family.  
☒ C. It is lucky to be born into a royal family.  
☒ D. It is unlucky to be born into a royal family.
- ( ) 37. What is the writer's opinion about the wedding?
- ☒ A. The wedding is very interesting for all the people.  
B. The wedding helps the Englishmen get together.  
C. The wedding makes all the people enjoy the sun.  
D. The wedding is a dream for the people.

#### D

Do you want to be perfect? Do you get angry when life is not perfect? If so, you are a perfectionist. Perfectionists always try to do everything perfectly. Some perfectionists may expect other people around them to be perfect too.

Many cultures put a high value on working to get perfect results. It can be good to always try to be excellent. For example, some players may be perfectionists. They work hard for the best possible result. They try to do perfectly in a competition. Sometimes we even depend on the high *expectations* (期望) of perfectionists. For example, when a doctor is carrying out an operation, we would like it to be perfect.

But perfectionism can also have bad effects. There are three different kinds of perfectionism.

The first kind is connected to the self. This is when a person wants himself to be perfect. When he fails, he will be really sad.

Another kind of perfectionist expects other people to be perfect. Such a perfectionist will *criticize* (批评) the people around them if they fail to do something perfectly.

The third kind of perfectionist believes that other people expect him to be perfect. This kind of perfectionism often begins when children have very strict parents.

All the three kinds of perfectionism can have bad effects. Perfectionism can lead to problems like *depression* (抑郁), drinking too much, eating unhealthily, heart conditions and even killing oneself.

If you want to cut down on the need to be perfect, you should learn to accept the best and worst of who you are. You should know some things about you will never change and believe you are good enough for today.

- ( ) 38. What does the writer use the two examples to show in paragraph 2?
- A. perfectionism is bad for people

- B. players are all perfectionists  
C. perfectionism can have good results  
☒ D. one should be a perfectionist if he wants to succeed

- ( ) 39. Which of the following is an example of the third kind of perfectionism?
- A. Paul has high expectations for himself and always tries to do too well.  
☒ B. Tony thinks his mum will be happy only when he does perfectly.  
C. Jenny always thinks that her husband does nothing well.  
D. Danny hopes that his daughter can do everything perfectly.
- ( ) 40. How can we cut down on the need to be perfect?
- A. by keeping criticizing those around us  
B. by drinking less and eat more healthily  
C. by exercising more and going to a doctor more often  
D. by accepting our advantages and disadvantages
- ( ) 41. What's the main idea of the passage?
- A. Perfectionism has two sides.  
B. Everyone needs to be a perfectionist.  
C. Many cultures think perfectionism is important.  
D. There are three different kinds of perfectionism.

#### E

##### Take the bus with ease



Transport cards make it easy to take subways and buses in Chinese cities. But every time we go to a new city, we have to buy a new transport card for that city. But that will change in the near future.

On March 29, the Ministry of Transport (MOT) announced that a nationwide (全国范围的) transport card called T-Union will be available for use in 220 cities across the country by the end of this year. By 2020, the card will be usable in all cities and towns nationwide.

The MOT started the T-Union project in 2013 to improve links between cities and rural areas. With a T-Union transport card, you will be able to take public transportation like subways, buses, ferries (轮渡) and taxis anywhere in China, the Xinhua News Agency reported.

The T-Union card is currently being used in 190 cities, according to CCTV News. There are 13 million cards being used in several areas, such as the Yangtze River Delta (长江三角洲). Cities that use the card include Shanghai, Guangzhou, Shijiazhuang, Luoyang and Qingdao.

The T-Union card will encourage more people to use public transportation, thus reducing the amount of pollution that is created by personal vehicles (交通工具). It will also make it more convenient to travel around China, according to the People's Daily.

The MOT has made other try encouraging more people to take public transportation. For example, in cities like Beijing, Shanghai and Hefei, people can board subways or buses simply by swiping (刷卡) their mobile phones.

- ( ) 42. What do we have to do if we go to a new city?
- ☒ A. We will take subways and buses to travel.  
B. We will buy a new transport card for the city.

- C. We will eat a lot of delicious food in the city.  
D. We will have a nationwide transport card called T-Union.
- ( ) 43. How many cities will T-Union be used by the end of this year?  
A. 29      ☒ B. 2020      C. 220      D. 2018
- ( ) 44. What can you not take public transportation with T-Union?  
☒ A. Subways      B. buses      C. taxis      D. planes
- ( ) 45. What is the main idea of the passage?  
A. Encourage people to take public transportation.  
B. Let people buy a card called T-Union.  
C. Make people travel around the world easily.  
D. ☒ Let people only take subways and buses in China.

IV. 语法填空 (10 分)

阅读下面短文，按照句子结构的语法性和上下文连贯的要求，在空格处填入一个适当的词或使用括号中词语的正确形式填空。(共 10 小题，每小题 1 分)



Katherine Langford is a 21-year-old actress from Australia. She is best known (46) \_\_\_\_\_ playing a major role in the 2017 American TV series *13 Reasons Why*, based on the novel of the same name. The show (47) \_\_\_\_\_ (become) popular soon, and it made Katherine a breakout star.

Katherine lives in Perth, the (48) \_\_\_\_\_ (four) largest city in Australia. Her father is a fisherman, and he often takes Katherine to the sea. When Katherine was at Perth Modern School, (49) \_\_\_\_\_ public high school for the gifted, she was one of the best student (50) \_\_\_\_\_ (swimmer). She began studying acting after (51) \_\_\_\_\_ (graduate) from Perth Modern School. *13 Reasons Why* is the first TV show (52) \_\_\_\_\_ she plays a major role in.

In her free time, Katherine spends most of (53) \_\_\_\_\_ (she) time on history and sci-fi. "I'm a big historical-fiction fan," she said. "I got (54) \_\_\_\_\_ (interest) in it when I was 11 years old, and it all started with the ship Titanic. I'd read books in the library about it. Of course, I've seen the film Titanic, too, but I don't think I've ever cried so (55) \_\_\_\_\_ (sad)."

Do you like historical fiction, too? Follow Katherine at Facebook and have a chat with her.

V. 书面表达 (15 分)

进入二十一世纪以来，中国人的生活水平和生活方式有了明显变化。假如下周你班将要举办以“Daily Life”为主题的演讲比赛，请你以“Changes of people's life”为题并根据下列提示写一篇英语发言稿参加本次演讲比赛。

提示内容：

人们生活的改变		
十年前	现在	我的感受
房屋低矮、破旧	高楼大厦	.....
自行车、摩托车为主要交通工具	私家车； 智能手机、电脑普及	
业余时间看电视、读书、看报	旅游、运动等丰富的业余生活	

要求：1. 必须包含所有提示内容，可以适当发挥；

2. 80 词左右。

Changes of people's life

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